



# COMPUTING: CREATING MEDIA – 3D Modelling

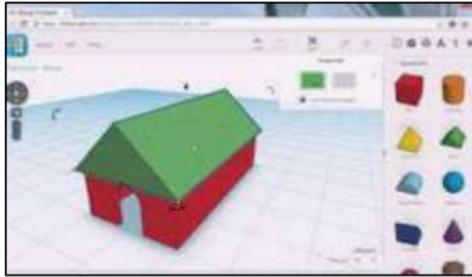
Year 6

## KNOWLEDGE ORGANISER

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### Overview

#### 3D Modelling



-3D means three-dimensional, or having 3 dimensions. For example, a box is a 3D shape, whereas a square is a 2D shape.

-3D modelling involves using computer software to create 3D shapes, in order to produce models of real-world objects.

-3D modelling allows us to view designs from different angles and experiment with various designs.

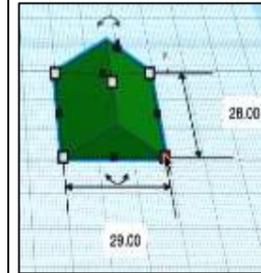
-3D modelling is used in many industries, e.g. in interior design, architecture and making video games.



### More Advanced Techniques

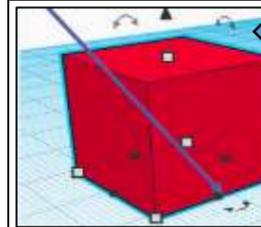
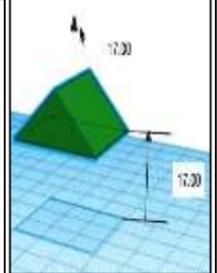


**Duplicating:** Click and drag around an object to ensure that it is selected. Then, click on the duplicate icon (see left) to create a copy.



**Resizing:** Objects can be manually resized by clicking and dragging on the handles around them. The dimensions are labelled.

**Lifting:** Use the ViewCube to change the viewing angle of the model to the front/ side. Then, use the cone handle in order to lift the object from the workspace.



**Rotating:** Selecting these handles allows us to rotate shapes. Drag the object to rotate it in different ways.

**Combining Shapes** Many complex shapes are made up of a number of 3D shapes – we can position and merge them together.



**Text:** You can add block text by selecting 'text' in the shapes. This can help you to enhance other shapes.

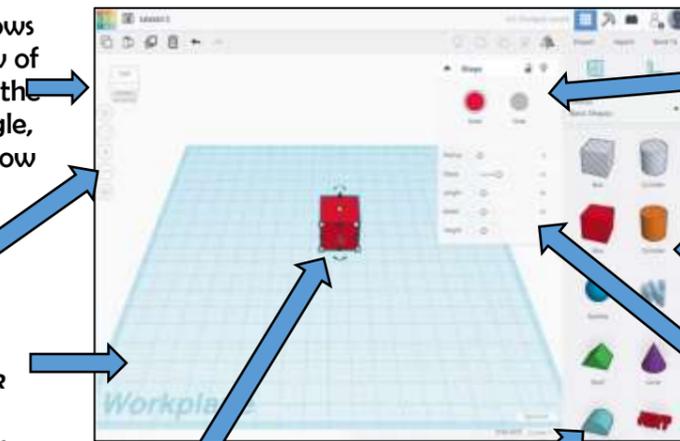
### The Basics of 3D Modelling

'Tinkercad' is one example of software that we can use to create 3D Models. Other examples include 'CAD for Kids' and 'Sketchup 3D.'

-The ViewCube Allows us to switch the view of the model e.g. from the front angle, top angle, or spin around to show the sides.

-Zoom in and zoom out.

-The workspace, where you can work on your model. The square panes help us to distances and dimensions accurately.



-Objects can be resized by dragging the handles (white squares).

-When you move multiple objects into the same space, they merge.

-Change the colour/shading of your model, and make them solid or 'hole.'

-3D objects that can be dragged into the workspace and remodelled.

-Alter the dimensions of your model, for example the length, height and shape.

### Making Holes

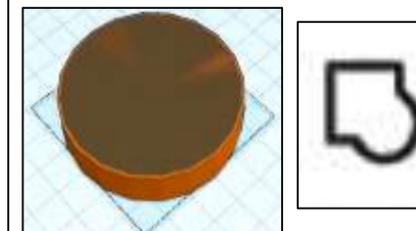
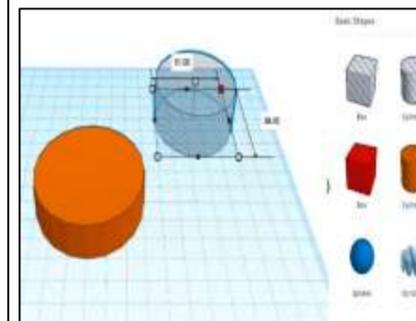
**Holes:** Sometimes we need to create objects that are not solid – they have space inside/ within them.

-To achieve this, begin by adding a 3D shape onto the workspace. Then drag one of the 'holes' shapes onto the workspace. Adjust dimensions accordingly.

-Drag the 'holes' shape over the 3D shape as desired.

-Click and drag a box around the shapes to select them.

-Click the 'group' button to combine the shapes and create the hole.



### Important Vocabulary

Modelling

Three-dimensional

Workspace

Faces

Vertices

Edges

Handles

Duplicate

Holes