



Links to the PE National Curriculum

- Pupils should continue to apply and develop a broader range of skills, learning how to use them in different ways and to link them to make actions and sequences of movement.
- Pupils should be taught to use running, jumping, throwing and catching in isolation and in combination

What are fundamental skills?

Fundamental movement skills are a specific set of gross motor skills that involve different parts of the body. When confident and competent in these skills, children can develop more complex movement skills and apply these to recreational, activity or sport-specific situations.

Key Vocabulary:

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| • distance | • control | • pace |
| • technique | • momentum | • rhythm |
| • accelerate | • co-ordination | • tension |
| • decelerate | • stability | • transfer |

Key Skills: Physical

- Balancing
- Sprinting
- Jogging
- Dodging
- Jumping
- Hopping
- Skipping



Key Skills: S.E.T

- Social: Taking turns
- Social: Supporting and encouraging others
- Social: Respect
- Social: Communication
- Emotional: Challenging myself
- Emotional: Perseverance
- Emotional: Honesty
- Thinking: Selecting and applying skills
- Observing others and providing feedback
- Thinking: Identifying strengths and areas for development

Teacher Glossary

Balance: The ability to maintain stability when stationary (static balance) or when moving (dynamic balance).

Jump: Take off and land on two feet.

Hop: Take off on one foot and land on the same foot.

Accelerate: Speed up.

Decelerate: Slow down. Used when stopping or turning.

Tension: using body tension to help to balance when stopping or landing.