

Year Six Term 4 Geography - Exploring the New World

Key Vocabulary:

biome: a large geographical area which is home to certain plants and animals specially adapted to suit the environment;

climate: general weather conditions in an area or country;

climate zone: a part of the world with a particular climate;

contour lines: lines on a map that show how high land is – the closer together, the steeper the land;

deforestation: the action of clearing a large area of trees;

fair trade:

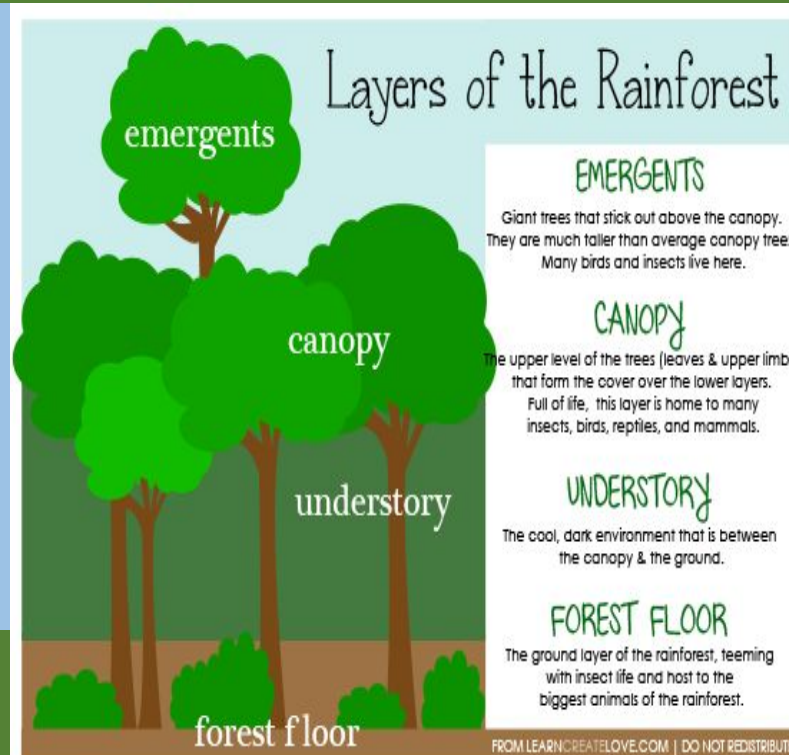
flora/fauna: plant and animal life;

fold mountains:

hemisphere: one half of the Earth – top/bottom = Northern/Southern

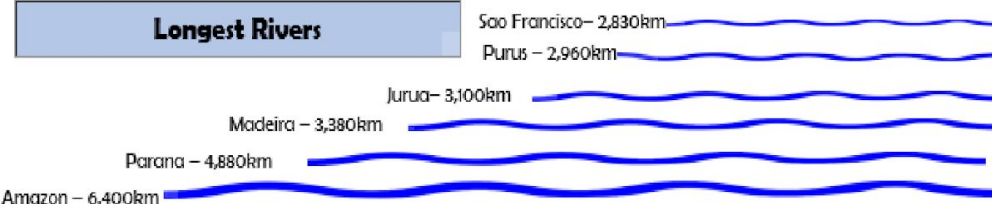
tectonic plates: the theory that the Earth's outer shell is divided into large slabs of solid rock called "plates"

terrain: the features of the surface of a piece of land;



- Locate places and regions of North and South America, and can identify the distinct characteristics of some regions.
 - Locate places studied in relation to the Equator, latitude and longitude, and relate this to their time zone, climate, seasons and vegetation.
 - Understand how human activity is influenced by weather and climate.
 - Relate climate to food production.
- Understand how fold mountain regions are formed.

Longest Rivers



Highest Mountains

